

LOGISTICS OF THE ENERGY REVOLUTION

THE FUTURE OF THE ENERGY SUPPLY CHAIN



POWERING OUR WORLD, TOGETHER

TO THE ENERGY SECTOR

DHL Energy Regional Conference Europe 2022

Supply chain challenges in an expanding industry

Flemming Breum
Senior EPC Director
Ørsted

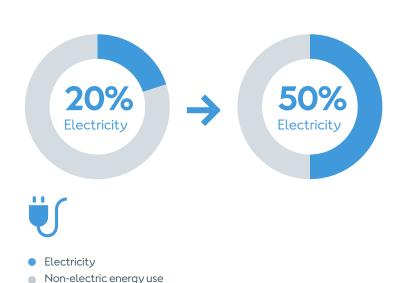


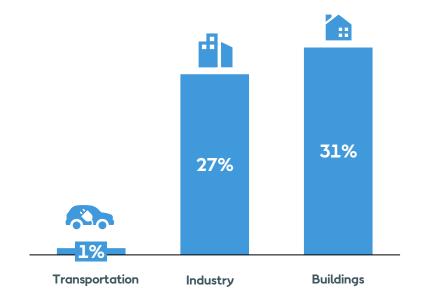
Green electrification is needed to phase out fossil fuels

Electricity share in the energy system today

Required electricity share in 2050 to limit global warming to 1.5°C

Current levels of electrification leave room for more green electrification





Driven by falling costs, the renewable market is expected to grow massively towards 2030

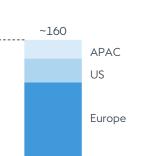
Offshore wind

Installed capacity excl. China (GW)

~27

2021





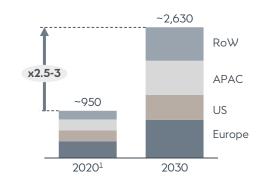
2030

- Fastest growing green technology
 ~20 % annual growth towards 2030
- Strong growth across all regions, with largest market in Europe and significant markets in US and APAC

Onshore renewables

Installed capacity excl. China (GW)



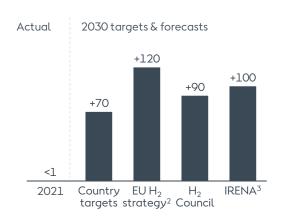


- High annual growth rates in all key onshore markets
- Highest growth in APAC, while Europe will remain the largest onshore region in 2030 with ~770 GW

Renewable H₂ & green fuels

Installed electrolyser capacity (GW)





- Massive growth expected in renewable hydrogen and green fuels
- Broad range of forecasts for expected build-out towards 2030



^{1.} BNEF expected to publish 2021 figures mid-2022

^{2.} Electrolyser capacity based on REPowerEU target of 10 million tonnes of domestic renewable hydrogen production and 10 million tonnes of imports by 2030

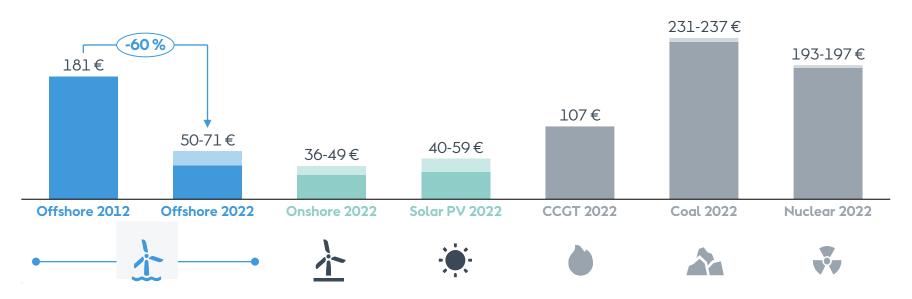
^{3.} Based on current global country H2 targets

⁴ Source: BNEF New Energy Outlook 2021 for Onshore, Solar PV and Batteries; BNEF Offshore Wind Market Outlook H2 2021 for Offshore; H2 Council; EU; IRENA; BNEF Global Hydrogen Strateav Tracker 2022

Today, offshore wind is fully cost-competitive with fossil fuels

Levelised Cost of Electricity (LCoE)^{1,2}

EUR/MWh, 2012 and 2022, Northwest Europe



^{1.} The chart illustrates the total span of low and mid scenarios (i.e., lowest national LCOE found in low scenario, highest national LCOE found in mid-scenario) for projects with FID today and construction beginning tomorrow. Same hurdle IRR used in low and mid scenarios. Nuclear: UK. Coal: DE. Natural gas: UK. Solar PV: DE, UK. ON wind: DE, UK. OF wind: DK, NL, UK. DE OF wind mid scenario omitted as cost of 104 EUR per MWh deemed unrepresentative. OF wind 2012: generic offshore wind, Northwest Europe, FID 2012.



Source: Bloomberg New Energy Finance – 1H 2022 LCOE Update.

Ørsted offshore footprint in North America



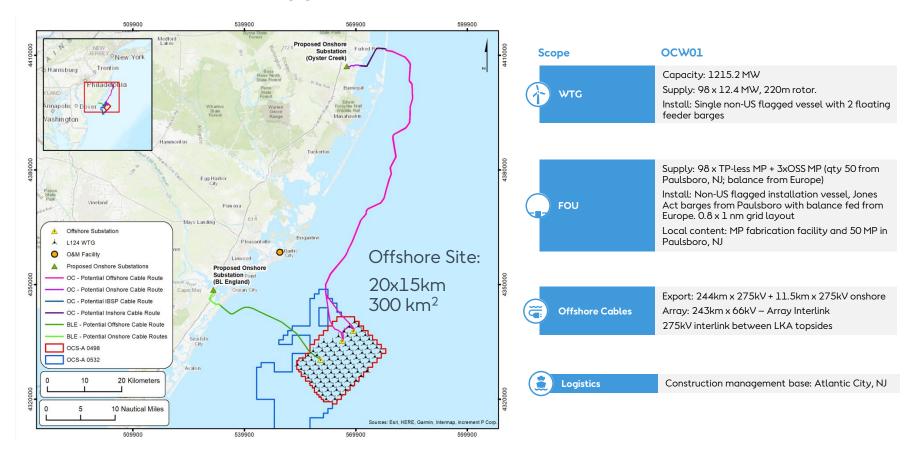
Status

In operation

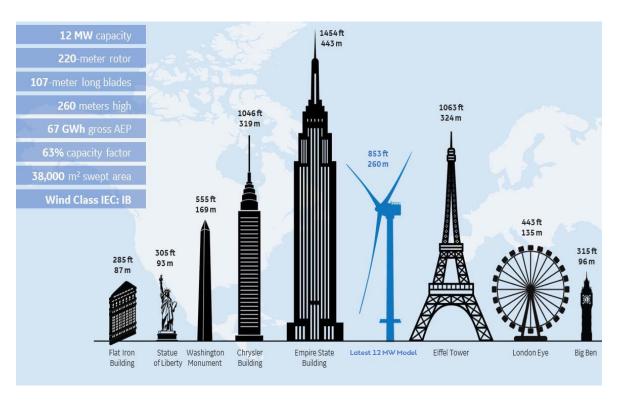
Under construction

Under development

Ocean Wind 01 – Biggest US Offshore Windfarm



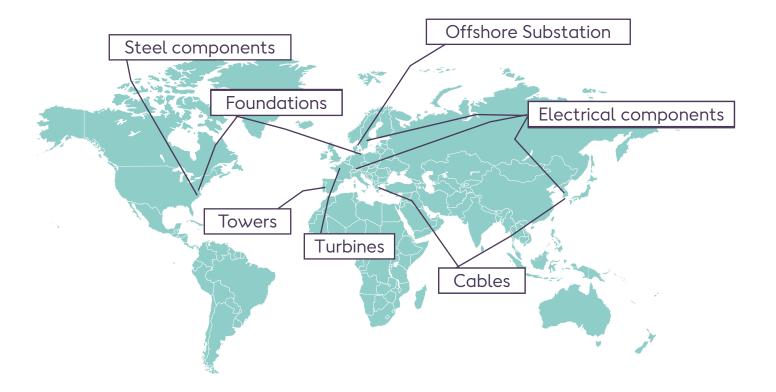
They are big!





8 Orsted

A truly Global supply chain



Supply chain challenges:

- Post Evergreen in the Suez
- Post COVID-19
- Post Start of Ukraine War
- Increase in pricing
- Force majeure claims
- Shortage of specific raw materials
- Wild political ambitions on Renewable energy
- Cabotage laws (Jones Act, dredging act etc..)
- Scarcity of installation vessels



Mitigation efforts

- Secure raw material and fabrication capacity
- Turbine framework agreements
- Transport & Logistics





Let's create a world that runs entirely on green energy





LOGISTICS OF THE ENERGY REVOLUTION

THE FUTURE OF THE ENERGY SUPPLY CHAIN



POWERING OUR WORLD, TOGETHER

DELIVERING EXCELLENCE TO THE ENERGY SECTOR

DHL Energy Regional Conference Europe 2022

Supply chain challenges in an expanding industry

Flemming Breum
Senior EPC Director
Ørsted