



Annex 2: Calculation of weight charges

Consignments that meet the conditions for weight charges based on the volume of the consignment are billed using a volumetric coefficient of $1 \text{ m}^3 = 250 \text{ kg}$. Consignments that meet the conditions for weight charges based on loading metres of the consignment are billed using a coefficient of $1 \text{ loading metre} = 1650 \text{ kg}$.

Stackable consignments:

Consignments are considered stackable if they comply with the following:

- The top surface of the consignment has a horizontal flat surface,
- The surface area of the top of the consignment is at least 50% of the area of the bottom surface of the consignment,
- The consignment cannot overturn spontaneously,
- The goods and its packaging do not prevent handling of the goods,
- There is no apparent risk of damage to the consignment itself or other goods given the external appearance of the goods and packaging

- Weight calculation for pallets with heights of **up to 2.00 m**:

Volume of consignment (length x width x height in metres) * 250 kg = calculated weight

- Weight calculation for pallets with heights of **over 2.00 m**:

Footprint of consignment in metres (length * width) / 2.4 * 1650kg = billed weight

Non-stacking consignments:

Consignments are considered non-stacking if they comply with the following:

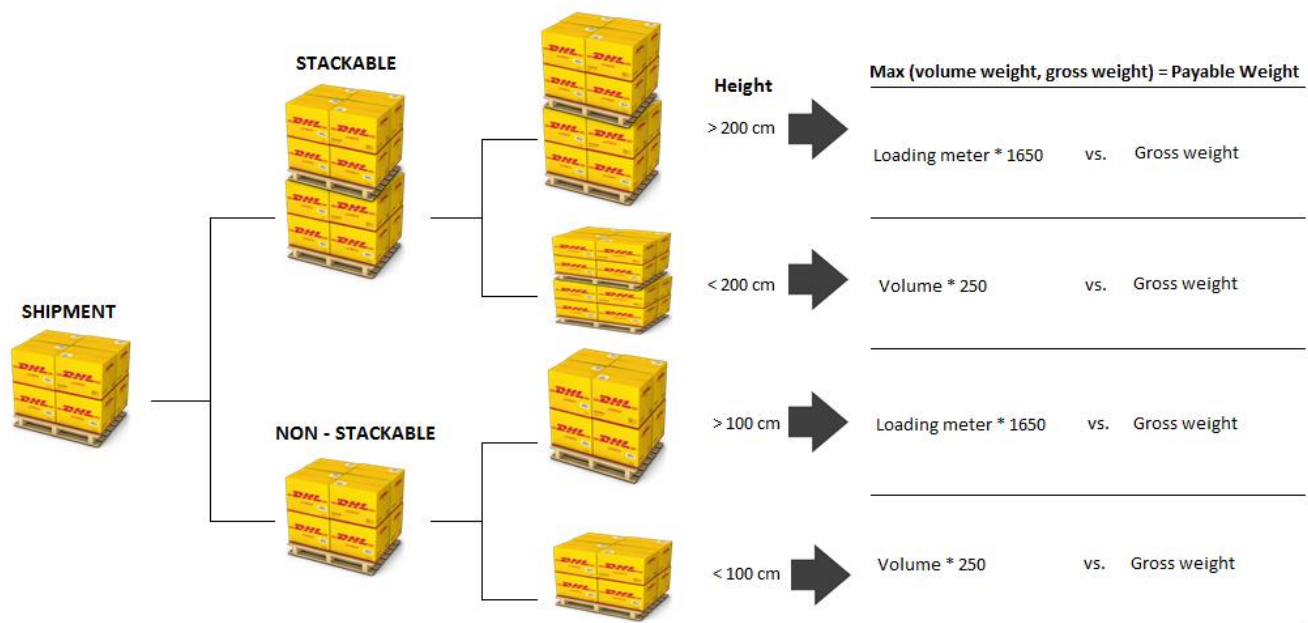
- The customer labels the consignment as non-stacking,
- The top surface of the consignment does not have a horizontal flat surface,
- The consignment contains dangerous goods

- Weight calculation for pallets with heights of **up to 1.00 m**:

Volume of consignment (length x width x height in metres) * 250 kg = calculated weight

- Weight calculation for pallets with heights of **over 1.00 m**:

Footprint of consignment in metres (length * width) / 2.4 * 1650kg = billed weight



Valid from: 25.11.2025
Version: 7